



English

简体中文 Simplified Chinese (Mandarin)

Long COVID: Muscle and joint pain

You may experience pain after coronavirus (COVID-19), especially if you were in hospital or less active than usual as a result of the virus. Most pain should eventually go away, but sometimes it might carry on for longer. There are ways to manage pain that you may have after coronavirus.

新冠长期症状: 肌肉和关节疼痛

您在新冠病毒 (COVID-19)后可能经历疼痛,尤其是您因为病毒导致住院或活动比平时减少的情况下。 大部分疼痛最终会消失,但有时候可能持续较长时间。 **感染新冠病毒后可能出**现疼痛,您可以采取一些方法来缓解疼痛。

Do:

- plan the things you need to do each day to help you keep on top of your pain
- pace yourself if your pain is stopping you completing a task you can try again later

应该做的事情:

- 计划好每天需要做的事情,帮助您控制疼痛
- 自我调节——如果您因为疼痛无法完成某项任务,请稍后再 试

- try to relax this can be hard, but finding something which relaxes you will reduce the stress of pain
- take regular enjoyable exercise even a small amount if you can, like going for a walk, will make you feel better and help keep your muscles and joints moving
- talk to others such as family and friends about pain you're experiencing and why you may need to do things differently at the moment
- do things you enjoy this makes you feel good and can reduce pain
- speak to your community pharmacist for advice about pain management
- take prescribed medicine if advised by a healthcare professional

Speak to your GP practice if:

• your pain is affecting your day to day life

- 尝试放松——可能很难,但找到令人放松的方法可减轻疼痛 带来的压力
- 经常进行有趣的运动——即使是散步等运动量小的活动,也
 会让您感觉更好,并有助于您的肌肉和关节保持强壮
- 与其他人(如家人和朋友)谈论您的疼痛,以及为什么您此刻需要换一种方式做事
- 做您喜欢的事情——让您感觉良好,且可缓解疼痛
- 和您的社区药剂师谈谈,获得关于疼痛管理的建议
- **遵循医**护专业**人**员**的建**议,**服用**处**方**药

如有下列情况, 请告知GP:

- 您的疼痛正在影响您的日常生活
- 对症状感到担心

you're worried about your symptoms	
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